# Introduction to SHACL

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## Shapes Constraint Language (SHACL)

- A language for expressing integrity constraints on RDF graphs
- W3C standard
- 1. RDF graph
- 2. Shape
- 3. Constraint

## RDF graph

- directed graph with labels on edges
- edge labels are called "properties"
- edge  $x \rightarrow y$  with label p:
  - x is called the "subject"
  - y is called the "object"
  - *p* is called the "property"
- In RDF:
  - properties can also be nodes
    - SHACL, however, is oblivious to this
  - nodes can be of different kinds (IRI, blank, literal)
    - SHACL provides tests for this

## Shape

- a unary query over RDF graphs
- a property of nodes of RDF graphs
  - node under consideration is called "focus node"
- Examples: let *x* denote the focus node
  - "x has a phone property, but no email"
  - "x has at least five managed-by edges"
  - "x has a path of <u>friend</u>-edges to the <u>CEO</u> of <u>Apple</u>"
  - "x has no other properties than <u>name</u>, <u>address</u>, and <u>birthdate</u>"

#### Constraints

- We are slightly generalizing SHACL here
- Constraints are expressed as **inclusions** between shapes:

$$\varphi_1 \subseteq \varphi_2$$

where  $\varphi_1$  and  $\varphi_2$  are shapes

- referred here to as left-hand shape (Ihs) and right-hand shape (rhs)
- "Every node satisfying  $\varphi_1$  also satisfies  $\varphi_2$ "

## Examples of inclusions

- "Every node of type Person has a phone or email property"
  - Ihs: nodes with an edge labeled <u>type</u> to node <u>Person</u>
  - rhs: nodes with a <u>phone</u> or <u>email</u> property
- "Different nodes never have the same email"
  - Ihs: nodes with an incoming <u>email</u> edge
  - rhs: nodes that do not have two or more incoming <u>email</u> edges
- "Every Mathematician has a finite Erdös number"
  - Ihs: nodes of type Mathematician
  - rhs: nodes that can reach node Erdös by a property path (author<sup>-</sup>/author)\*

### Targets

- In reality, SHACL does not have these arbitrary left-hand shapes
- Instead, right-hand shapes are associated to "targets"
- Targets are simple shapes of four kinds:
  - node: a constant node
  - **class** : nodes with a path (type/subclass<sup>\*</sup>) to some constant
  - **subjects-of**: nodes with an outgoing edge of some label
  - **objects-of**: nodes with an incoming edge of some label

#### SHACL

- SHACL, a language for expressing shapes
  - and associating them with targets to form inclusion constraints
- The syntax is in RDF!
- "Shapes graph"
- Description-logic syntax was introduced
  - Corman et al. ISWC 2018; Andresel et al. WWW 2020
- Extended by Jakubowski (Delva et al. EDBT 2023)
  - equivalent to full SHACL
  - SLS parser <a href="https://github.com/MaximeJakubowski/sls\_project">https://github.com/MaximeJakubowski/sls\_project</a>

#### SHACL Logical Syntax

 $E ::= p \mid E^- \mid E/E \mid E \cup E \mid E^* \mid E?$  $F ::= E \mid \text{id}$  $\phi := \top \mid \perp \mid hasShape(s) \mid test(t) \mid hasValue(c)$ | eq(F,p) | disj(F,p) | closed(P) $lessThan(E, p) \mid lessThanEq(E, p) \mid uniqueLang(E)$  $| \neg \phi | \phi \land \phi | \phi \lor \phi$  $| \geq_n E.\phi | \leq_n E.\phi | \forall E.\phi$ 

## Some research on the theory of SHACL

- Expressiveness (Bogaerts et al. ICDT 2023)
- Satisfiability, containment
  - Pareti et al.; Leinberger et al.; both ISWC 2020
- Recursion
  - Corman et al., Andresel et al.
  - Bogaerts & Jakubowski ICLP 2021
  - Chmurovic et al. Datalog 2022
- Logical entailment from ontologies (Ahmetaj et al. ECAI 2023)

## SHACL engines

- pySHACL
- Apache Jena
- TopBraid
- some more engines, e.g.,
  - shaclex (Labra)
  - Cem Okulmus

#### Some SHACL systems research

- SHACL2SPARQL (Corman et al. ISWC 2019)
- TravSHACL (Figuera et al. WWW 2021)
- Magic Sets optimization (Ahmetaj et al. VLDB 2022)

## Some research on new applications of SHACL

- mining SHACL shapes
  - Rabbani et al. VLDB 2023
- semantic SPARQL optimization (Rabbani et al. EDBT 2021)
- inferring shapes (Dimou)
- explaining & repairing SHACL constraint violations
  - Ahmetaj et al., KR 2021, ISWC 2022
- provenance, shape fragments (Delva et al. EDBT 2023)
- access control (?)

## Other approaches

- Many of the mentioned research topics have also been pursued for other approaches
  - ShEx
  - property graphs
  - and more
- see this seminar!

## Upload your slides!

- Homepage of this Dagstuhl seminar
  - google [Dagstuhl shapes theory implementation]
- Follow link to "Materials" site
  - only accessible for participants
- We'll also have to make a report